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**United Nations
Environment Assembly of the
United Nations Environment
Programme**

**United Nations Environment Assembly of the
United Nations Environment Programme**

First session

Nairobi, 23–27 June 2014

Provisional agenda

1. Opening of the session.
2. Organization of work:
 - (a) Election of officers;
 - (b) Adoption of the agenda;
 - (c) Organization of work.
3. Credentials of representatives.
4. Amendments to the rules of procedure.
5. Policy issues:
 - (a) State of the environment;
 - (b) Emerging policy issues;
 - (c) International environmental governance;
 - (d) Coordination and cooperation within the United Nations system on environmental matters;
 - (e) Coordination and cooperation with major groups;
 - (f) Environment and development.
6. Follow-up to and implementation of the outcomes of United Nations summits, in particular the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, and major intergovernmental meetings of relevance to the United Nations Environment Assembly.
7. Budget and programme of work for the biennium 2016–2017 and the Environment Fund and other budgetary matters.
8. High-level segment.
9. Provisional agenda, date and venue of future sessions of the United Nations Environment Assembly.
10. Other matters.
11. Adoption of the report.
12. Closure of the session.

UNEP/EA.1/2



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Items 5 and 6 of the provisional agenda*

Policy issues

**Follow-up to and implementation of the outcomes of
United Nations summits, in particular the United Nations
Conference on Sustainable Development, and major
intergovernmental meetings of relevance to the
United Nations Environment Assembly**

Implementation of Governing Council decision 27/2

Stakeholder engagement in the United Nations Environment Programme

Report of the Executive Director

Summary

The present report has been prepared pursuant to decision 27/2 of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on the implementation of paragraph 88 of the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, adopted by the Council at its first universal session. In the decision, the Council called for enhanced active participation of all relevant stakeholders, particularly those from developing countries, drawing on best practices and models from relevant multilateral institutions, and for the development of new mechanisms to promote transparency and the effective engagement of civil society in the work of the governing body and that of its subsidiary bodies.

The report sets forth proposed new mechanisms to promote transparency and the effective engagement of civil society in the work of the governing body and its subsidiary bodies, reflecting the results of consultations with the Committee of Permanent Representatives to UNEP. Without prejudice to the further work of the Committee on this matter, the proposed mechanisms, as set out in the annex to the present report, are herewith submitted to the United Nations Environment Assembly for its consideration.

* UNEP/EA.1/1.

1. In paragraph 88 of the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, entitled "The future we want",¹ Heads of State and Government called for strengthening the role of the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and ensuring the active participation of all relevant stakeholders, drawing on best practices and models from relevant multilateral institutions and exploring new mechanisms to promote transparency and the effective engagement of civil society.²

2. The Governing Council of UNEP, at its first universal session, held in Nairobi from 18 to 22 February 2013, adopted decision 27/2 on the implementation of paragraph 88 of the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development. In paragraph 7 of the decision, the Council decided that the governing body would ensure the active participation of all relevant stakeholders, particularly those from developing countries, drawing on best practices and models from relevant multilateral institutions and would explore new mechanisms to promote transparency and the effective engagement of civil society in its work and that of its subsidiary bodies by, inter alia:

- (a) Developing by 2014 a process for stakeholder accreditation and participation that builds on the existing rules of procedure and takes into account inclusive modalities of the Commission of Sustainable Development and other relevant United Nations bodies;
- (b) Establishing by 2014 mechanisms and rules for stakeholders' expert input and advice;
- (c) Enhancing by 2014 working methods and processes for informed discussions and contributions by all relevant stakeholders towards the intergovernmental decision-making process.

3. In response, UNEP has developed new modalities for stakeholder engagement to ensure the active participation of all relevant stakeholders, in particular those from developing countries, drawing on best practices and models from relevant multilateral institutions, including the United Nations High-level Political Forum on Sustainable Development, and to promote transparency and the effective engagement of civil society in its work and that of its subsidiary bodies.

4. The annex to the present report contains the draft policy prepared by the UNEP secretariat as at 3 April 2014, as amended by the Committee of Permanent Representatives. The policy has been prepared in keeping with the spirit of decision 27/2, applying the principle of non-regression with respect to current rules and practices, as called for by member States through consultation with the Committee.

5. The draft policy therefore sets forth the following:

- (a) New accreditation and participation modalities;
- (b) Mechanisms to facilitate expert input and advice;
- (c) Working methods and processes for stakeholder contribution towards the intergovernmental decision-making process.

¹ General Assembly resolution 66/288, annex.

² Ibid., para. 88 (h).

Annex

**Policy on stakeholder engagement in the
United Nations Environment Programme**

(Draft as at 3 April 2014)

Note

This policy was prepared by the secretariat of the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) pursuant to Governing Council decision 27/2 on the implementation of paragraph 88 of the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, adopted by the Governing Council of UNEP at its first universal session, held in Nairobi from 18 to 22 February 2013. That decision called for the active participation of all relevant stakeholders, particularly those from developing countries, to be ensured, drawing on best practices and models from relevant multilateral institutions, and for new mechanisms to be explored to promote transparency and the effective engagement of civil society in the work of the governing body of the United Nations Environment Programme and that of its subsidiary organs, building on best practices in multilateral organizations.

This policy therefore sets forth the proposed new mechanisms for the promotion of transparency and the effective engagement of civil society with the Assembly and its subsidiary organs, to be submitted to the Assembly at its first session, to be held in Nairobi from 23 to 27 June 2014.

* This policy builds on best practices of stakeholder engagement in multilateral organizations. The secretariat of UNEP prepared a *Review of Current Practices of Stakeholder Engagement in Multilateral Organizations*, released in July 2013, as called for by Governing Council decision 27/2 (http://www.unep.org/civil-society/Portals/24105/documents/resources/stakeholder_engagement/Review_of_current_practices_of_stakeholder_engagement_in_multilateral_organisations_30July_2013.pdf).

Contents

1.	Background	6
	Purpose of the policy	6
2.	The policy	7
	A. Guiding principles	7
	B. Definition of stakeholders	8
	C. Accreditation criteria and process	8
	D. Privileges of accredited stakeholders	9
	E. Responsibilities and obligations of accredited stakeholders	10
3.	Other matters	10
	A. Major Groups and Stakeholders Forum	10
	B. Major Groups and Stakeholders Mechanism	10
	C. Use of information and communications technology to enhance effective participation	10
	D. Participation of non-accredited stakeholders	10

1. Background

1. The participation of stakeholders in the work of the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) is rooted in Principle 10 of the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development and in paragraph 88 (h) of the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, entitled "The future we want", which calls for "the active participation of all relevant stakeholders, drawing on best practices and models from relevant multilateral institutions and exploring new mechanisms to promote transparency and the effective engagement of civil society" within the framework of its decision on strengthening the role of the United Nations Environment Programme as the leading global environmental authority.¹

2. Paragraph 7 of decision 27/2 of the UNEP Governing Council on the implementation of paragraph 88 of the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, adopted by the Governing Council at its first universal session in February 2013, mandates the governing body to "ensure the active participation of all relevant stakeholders, particularly those from developing countries, drawing on best practices and models from relevant multilateral institutions and [to] explore new mechanisms to promote transparency and the effective engagement of civil society in its work and that of its subsidiary organs, inter alia by:

- (a) Developing by 2014 a process for stakeholder accreditation and participation that builds on the existing rules of procedure and takes into account inclusive modalities of the Commission of Sustainable Development and other relevant United Nations bodies;
- (b) Establishing by 2014 mechanisms and rules for stakeholders' expert input and advice;
- (c) Enhancing by 2014 working methods and processes for informed discussions and contributions by all relevant stakeholders towards the intergovernmental decision-making process."

3. While input from stakeholders can provide a valuable contribution to the intergovernmental process, decision-making within UNEP remains the prerogative of member States. This policy is intended to facilitate the effective engagement of stakeholders in the work of the United Nations Environment Assembly of the United Nations Environment Programme and that of its subsidiary organs, and in the work of UNEP. The policy provides a set of principles and guidance to UNEP, its staff and stakeholders, and is intended to enhance practices in working and dealing with stakeholders in both routine and special circumstances, and to facilitate the effective engagement of stakeholders in the governance of UNEP. The policy will be accompanied by an implementation handbook, which will be drafted upon approval of the policy.²

4. The policy is aligned with all relevant UNEP and United Nations rules and regulations, as well as with the guidelines and initiatives relating to United Nations cooperation with stakeholders.³ It further builds on General Assembly resolution 67/290 on the format and organizational aspects of the High-level Political Forum on Sustainable Development.

Purpose of the policy

5. The outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development called in several instances⁴ for strengthened public participation, access to information and access to justice

¹ General Assembly resolution 66/288, annex.

² The policy will be complemented by an implementation handbook, determining the operational and self-organization modalities of the Major Groups and Stakeholders Mechanism, which will be developed by the UNEP secretariat in an open and transparent manner upon approval of the policy.

³ Several reference documents guide the work of UNEP and the United Nations in working with stakeholders. These include the following: "Guidelines for participation of major groups and stakeholders in policy design at UNEP" (August 2009) (<http://www.unep.org/civil-society/Portals/24105/documents/Guidelines/Guidelines-for-CSO-participation-Aug2609.pdf>); "UNEP and indigenous peoples: a partnership in caring for the environment" (November 2012) (http://www.unep.org/civil-society/Portals/24105/documents/Guidelines/UNEP_Indigenous_Peoples_Policy_Guidance_endorsed_by_SMT_26_11_12.pdf); "UNEP guidelines for the development of national legislation on access to information, public participation and access to justice in environmental matters" (February 2010) (http://www.unep.org/civil-society/Portals/24105/documents/Guidelines/GUIDELINES_TO_ACCESS_TO_ENV_INFO_2.pdf); "Guidelines on cooperation between UNEP and business" (March 2004); "Guidelines on cooperation between the United Nations and the business community" (July 2000); and the UNEP partnership policy and procedures (September 2011).

⁴ In the outcome document, extensive reference is made to the involvement of civil society and stakeholders (see, for example, paras. 42 to 55 on engaging major groups and other stakeholders). In addition, paragraph 99 reads: "We encourage action at the regional, national, subnational and local levels to promote access to information, public participation and access to justice in environmental matters, as appropriate

in environmental matters, and underlined the importance of partnerships with civil society in achieving the ambitions of its outcome document.

6. UNEP engages with civil society to benefit from its wide knowledge and experience in sustainable development and its involvement in UNEP processes and activities in keeping the environment under review and setting the global environmental agenda; in developing and implementing policies and programmes; and in improving environmental decision-making, as intergovernmental decisions will have broader recognition by and support from the public if the views of stakeholders are taken into account in the agenda-setting, policymaking, decision-making and implementation processes.

7. Civil society stakeholders often provide a way to channel the voices of those most likely to be affected by environmental problems and related policies, calling attention to emerging environmental problems, taking account of the interests of future generations and reaching out to society and the public at large.

2. The policy

A. Guiding principles

8. In accordance with the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, and taking into account the principles adopted by major groups and stakeholders at the Global Major Groups and Stakeholders Forum in February 2013, prior to the first universal session of the Governing Council of UNEP, this policy is founded on the following principles:⁵

8.1. *Acknowledgement of the intergovernmental nature of UNEP processes, as set out in paragraph 3 above*

8.2. *Participation in decision-making processes*

UNEP will grant participation and access privileges to all accredited stakeholders, consistent with the rules and practices governing its work. UNEP may also use social media and new information technology to foster broader participation.

[8.3. Access to information

Accredited stakeholders will have access to all relevant documents and will be granted access to relevant information portals.]

[ALT. 8.3. Accredited stakeholders will have access to documents according to the United Nations policy on access to information.] (Proposal by the Chair)

8.4. *Transparency and accountability for mutual benefit*

Engagement with major groups and stakeholders is based on the premise of mutual trust and benefit, transparency, responsibility and accountability.

8.5. *Respect for diversity of views and self-organization*

UNEP acknowledges the diversity of views among its stakeholders and, in striving for greater openness and with a view to embracing the full spectrum of civil society actors, including the UNEP national committees, will ensure that those differing voices are heard, including those outside the nine major groups.

8.6. *Improvements to current engagement practices*

UNEP will promote continuous improvement of its current practices, including opportunities for exploring innovative mechanisms, without regression and with regard to current practice.

⁵ *Principles on Stakeholder Participation in UNEP*, adopted at the fourteenth Global Major Groups and Stakeholders Forum, 17 February 2013 (http://www.unep.org/civil-society/Portals/24105/documents/GMGsf/GMGsf%2014/Stakeholder_participation_principles/Participation_and_Transparency_11_principles_as_adopted.pdf).

B. Definition of stakeholders

9. UNEP applies the nine major groups approach, based on the categories of stakeholders as outlined in Agenda 21 and as noted in Governing Council decision SS.VII/5 of 15 February 2002.

10. UNEP therefore recognizes the following categories of stakeholder:

1. The nine major groups: farmers (including small-scale farmers, fisherfolk, pastoralists and foresters);⁶ women; the scientific and technological community (including research and academia); children and youth; indigenous peoples and their communities; workers and trade unions; business and industry; non-governmental organizations; and local authorities;
2. **[Environmental non-governmental organizations, as organizations that work solely on environmental issues];**
3. **[Other stakeholders, such as local communities; volunteer groups and foundations; migrants and families; older persons; and persons with disabilities.]⁷**

[ALT. 10.3. UNEP recognizes the particular importance of environmental non-governmental organizations within the non-governmental organizations major group. UNEP will strive to include other stakeholders, such as local communities; volunteer groups and foundations; migrants and families; older persons; and persons with disabilities within the nine major groups.] (Proposal by the Chair)

C. Accreditation criteria and process

11. Accreditation is the main prerequisite for stakeholder participation in the governance of UNEP. Organizations seeking observer status with the Assembly and its subsidiary organs must be accredited according to the process set out below.

12. Accreditation criteria

Accreditation will be granted to stakeholders meeting the following criteria:

1. **[Being legally constituted as a not-for-profit entity in a given country;]**
[ALT. 1. Providing the text of its constituent instruments (such as articles of incorporation and by-laws) and an indication of the date and place where they were established;]
2. Having been constituted for more than two years;
3. Having a **[track record and]** proven interest in environmental issues; **[or sustainable development;]**
4. Having a national or international scope of activities.

13. Accreditation with the United Nations Economic and Social Council **[and/or multilateral environmental agreements]**

Stakeholders accredited with the United Nations Economic and Social Council **[and/or with multilateral environmental agreements having equivalent accreditation criteria]** and who provide sufficient proof of such accreditation will receive UNEP accreditation upon request.

14. Accreditation procedures

Stakeholders seeking accreditation shall forward all relevant documents, including the following, to the UNEP secretariat:

- (a) Letter requesting accreditation, printed on the official stationery of the organization;
- (b) Copy of the constitution, charter, statutes or by-laws of the organization and any amendments to those documents;
- (c) List of affiliates;
- (d) Proof of interest or experience in the environment; **[or sustainable development;]**
- (e) Detailed account of the scope of the activities of the organization

15. The UNEP secretariat will review the requests and notify applicants of their accreditation. The entire review process will take no longer than three months. The list of accredited organizations will be submitted to the regular session of the Assembly **[for review]**¹

⁶ Abstracts from General Assembly resolution 66/288, annex, paras. 43, 52 and 53.

⁷ Ibid., para. 43.

16. Accreditation is not a requirement for participation in the implementation of projects, programmes or partnerships. Participation modalities in the implementation of such projects, programmes or partnerships are set out in the UNEP partnership policy.

D. Privileges of accredited stakeholders

17. While retaining the intergovernmental character of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs, accredited stakeholders will have the opportunity to participate in the governance of UNEP and to work at two levels: on agenda-setting processes and on policymaking and decision-making processes.

18. All accredited stakeholders shall enjoy the same privileges, which shall include the following:

- (a) Accredited stakeholders may participate in all public meetings of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs, in accordance with the relevant rules of procedure. Should participation in a particular meeting be restricted, an advanced notification will be issued. The UNEP secretariat will provide accredited stakeholders with the dates, venue and agenda of the meetings in a timely manner.
- (b) UNEP will convene a multi-stakeholder dialogue during the session of the Assembly in accordance with paragraph 5 (e) of Governing Council decision 27/2. The secretariat will provide accredited stakeholders with the dates, venue and agenda of the meetings in a timely manner.
- (c) Designated seats will be reserved for major groups and stakeholders in all public meetings of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs. Major groups and stakeholders will designate their representatives according to criteria to be set out in the implementation handbook that will support this policy.
- (d) Accredited stakeholders will have access to all public documents **[, including pre-session and in-session documents,]** of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs. The UNEP secretariat will make every effort to provide access to these documents in a timely manner, using electronic and other modern information systems to facilitate delivery. Accredited stakeholders will be granted access to relevant information portals. The UNEP secretariat will ensure that input received from major groups and stakeholders will be made available on the relevant web portals.

[ALT. 18 (d). Accredited stakeholders will have access to documents publicly available on the UNEP websites and portals; official documents and reports of UNEP; and documentation related to the work of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs, including pre-session and in-session documents. The UNEP secretariat will make every effort to provide access to such documents in a timely manner, using electronic and other modern information systems to facilitate delivery. Accredited stakeholders will be granted access to relevant information portals. The UNEP secretariat will ensure that input received from major groups and stakeholders will be made available on the relevant web portals.] (Proposal by the Chair

- (e) Accredited stakeholders will be able to make written submissions to the Assembly and its subsidiary organs, in accordance with the relevant rules of procedure. Such submissions may include contributions and recommendations for agenda items of sessions of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs and recommendations on the subject matter of draft decisions for consideration by member States. Such contributions and recommendations may be submitted to the UNEP secretariat for distribution to member States in time for consideration by the relevant body. The UNEP secretariat will make such submissions available to member States, using electronic means whenever possible.
- (f) Accredited stakeholders may be invited to make statements during public meetings of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs, in accordance with the relevant rules of procedure. Session presidents or chairs are encouraged to provide opportunities for accredited stakeholders to speak on topics of interest in such public meetings.
- (g) Accredited stakeholders may be invited to participate in relevant regional consultations conducted by UNEP.

E. Responsibilities and obligations of accredited stakeholders

19. All accredited stakeholders shall have the same obligations, which shall include the following:
 - (a) Accredited stakeholders will be expected to act in accordance with the present policy and the relevant rules of procedure for any meeting or session which they attend;
 - (b) Accredited stakeholders will comply with the registration requirements and seating arrangements for any meeting or session which they attend. Meeting and session organizers will make every effort to have sufficient seating available for stakeholders during open sessions, so as to facilitate their participation. In situations where seating is limited, stakeholders may be asked to designate representatives to occupy the available seats, in accordance with the procedures laid out in the implementation handbook, to be developed by the UNEP secretariat in consultation with major groups and stakeholders;
 - (c) Accredited stakeholders will provide the secretariat with a biennial communication outlining their activities in the field of the environment during the previous two years. This communication may be in the form of the annual report of the organization or may be a separate document prepared specifically to comply with this reporting requirement.

3. Other matters

A. Major Groups and Stakeholders Forum

20. Prior to each session of the Assembly and the open-ended meeting of the Committee of Permanent Representatives, UNEP will facilitate the organization of a Major Groups and Stakeholders Forum that will provide an opportunity for accredited stakeholders to consolidate their views and prepare their input to the Assembly and its subsidiary organs.

21. Member States and representatives of international organizations may participate in the Major Groups and Stakeholders Forum as observers. Major groups and stakeholders are encouraged to submit the main outcomes of such meetings in writing to the Assembly, through the UNEP secretariat, on the first working day of the Forum.

B. Major Groups and Stakeholders Mechanism

22. Accredited stakeholders may form stakeholder bodies or other groups to organize their contributions and facilitate their participation in UNEP processes. While self-organized, such bodies must adhere to the principles of transparency, responsibility and accountability, and respect the diversity of views among stakeholders on all issues.⁸

C. Use of information and communications technology to enhance effective participation

23. The use of modern information and communications technology will enhance the effective participation of stakeholders in a cost-effective manner. In addition to physical presence at meetings, virtual and online participation will also be made possible through webcasting of relevant meetings of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs, UNEP events, information platforms and discussion forums in accordance with the rules of procedure and the related access to information policy.

D. Participation of non-accredited stakeholders

24. While retaining the intergovernmental nature of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs, the president of the Assembly or the chairperson of a subsidiary organ, in consultation with the relevant bureaux, may invite a non-accredited organization or individual, on the basis of their competency, expertise and experience, to meetings of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs for a specific task or purpose, in accordance with the existing rules of procedure.

⁸ As set out in paragraph 3 of this report, the policy will be complemented by an implementation handbook, which will contain the operational and self-organization modalities of the Major Groups and Stakeholders Mechanism. The handbook will be developed by the UNEP secretariat in an open and transparent manner, and comments will be invited from member States, including with regard to budgetary implications.

25. Organizers of other UNEP meetings may invite non-accredited stakeholders, on the basis of their competency, expertise and experience, to participate in panels or thematic discussions on topics of relevance, as appropriate.

(a) *Consultations with the bureaux of the United Nations Environment Assembly and its subsidiary organs*

26. **[The bureaux of the Assembly and its subsidiary organs may hold informal consultations with representatives of accredited stakeholders on specific items of mutual interest relating to Assembly processes.] (Proposal by the Chair)**

(b) *Funding*

27. Funding for stakeholder participation will be accounted for in the UNEP programme of work and budget. UNEP will endeavour to mobilize adequate funding including through extrabudgetary resources, to support stakeholder participation, particularly from developing countries.

28. Member States are invited to provide financial resources or take other initiatives to support participation of stakeholders, particularly those from developing countries, in relevant processes.